## **Fundamental Group**

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- 1. Show that composition of paths satisfies the following cancellation property: If  $f_0 \cdot g_0 = f_1 \cdot g_1$  and  $g_0 = f_0$ , then  $g_1 = f_1$ .
- 2. Show that the following three conditions are equivalent:
  - a. Every continuous loop  $f: S^1 \to X$  is homotopic to a constant loop.
  - b. Every continuous  $f: S^1 \to X$  extends to a continuous  $g: D^2 \to X$ . That is, g restricted to the boundary of the disk should agree with the map f.
  - c.  $\pi_1(X, x_0) = 0$  for all  $x_0 \in X$ .

## **Bonus Problems:**

3. A corollary of Borsuk-Ulam states that if you cover the sphere  $S^2$  with three closed sets  $A_1,\ A_2,\ A_3$ , then one of the sets contains a pair of antipodal points. To prove this, introduce the functions  $d_i:S^2\to\mathbb{R}$  defined by  $d_i(x)$  the minimum distance from x to some point of  $A_i$ . (Hence,  $d_i(x)=0$  if and only if  $x\in A_i$ .) Now consider the function  $D:S^2\to\mathbb{R}^2$  defined by  $D(x)=(d_1(x),d_2(x))$ . Complete the details of the proof.

Note: Similarly, if you cover the circle  $S^1$  with two closed sets, then one of those sets will contain a pair of antipodal points. (Try it!) You can extend this result to higher dimensions, too.

4. Can you describe the fundamental group of the torus?

